



TFT LCD Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: M220Z1-L05

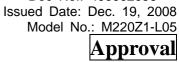
Customer :				
Approved by :				
Note:				

記錄	工作	審核	角色	投票
2009-02-03 08:43:53 CST		kevin_wu(吳柏勳 /56520/54894)	Director	Accept

Issued Date: Dec. 19, 2008 Model No.: M220Z1-L05

Approval

- CONTEN	15 -	
REVISION HISTORY 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION 1.1 OVERVIEW 1.2 FEATURES 1.3 APPLICATION 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS		3 4
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT		5
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE 3.2 Vcc POWER DIP CONDITION 3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT		7
4. BLOCK DIAGRAM 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE 4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT		11
5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT 5.1 TFT LCD MODULE 5.2 LVDS DATA MAPPING TABLE 5.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT 5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT		12
6. INTERFACE TIMING 6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE		15
7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS		17
8. PACKAGING 8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS 8.2 PACKING METHOD		20
9. DEFINITION OF LABELS 9.1 CMO MODULE LABEL		22
10. PRECAUTIONS 10.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS 10.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS 10.3 SAFETY STANDARDS 10.4 OTHER		24
11. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS		25



②



Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

REVISION HISTORY

			REVISION HISTORY
Version	Date	Section	Description
Ver. 2.0	Fab, 06 '07	All	M220Z1-L05 Specifications was first issued。
Ver. 2.1	Nov, 05 '07	3.3	Revise Note (5)(b)
		4.2	Add Note
		7.1	Modify inverter P/N.
		7.2	Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T _R , T _F)
		8	Packing 5pcs/ 1box change to 6pcs/ 1box
Ver. 2.2	Dec, 19 '08	1.4	Add power consumption item
		1.5	Add note(2)
		3.1	Add power consumption item and note(5)
		3.3	Modify lamp life time and content of note(1), note(2), note(5)
		6.2	Modify the content
		8	Change package method form 6pcs/1box to 8pcs/1box and package spec.
		9.1	Add Fab ID on S/N label and a table of Fab ID definition.
			Modify "Revision code" description of customer's barcode definition.
			Modify "Cell line" description of customer's barcode definition.
		10.3	Add "safety standard" item
		10.4	Add "other" item



Approval

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

1.1 OVERVIEW

The M220Z1-L05 model is a 22 inch wide TFT-LCD module with a 4-CCFL Backlight Unit and a 30-pin 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1680 x 1050 WSXGA+ (16:10 wide screen) mode and displays up to 16.7 millions colors. The inverter module for the Backlight Unit is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Super wide viewing angle
- High contrast ratio
- Fast response time
- High color saturation (EBU Like Specifications)
- WSXGA⁺ (1680 x 1050 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface

1.3 APPLICATION

- Workstation & desktop monitor
- Display terminals for AV application

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Diagonal size	558.68	mm	
Active Area	473.76x296.1	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	477.7 (H) x 300.1 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1680 x R.G.B. x 1050	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.282(H) x 0.282(V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7 millions	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally White	-	-
Color saturation	92% NTSC	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H), AG (Haze 25%)	-	-
Module Power Consumption	29.65	Watt	(2)

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Horizontal(H)		493.2	493.7	494.2	mm	
Module Size	Vertical(V)	319.6	320.1	320.6	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	16	16.5	17	mm	
Weight				2550	g	
I/F connector mounting		The mounting in				
pos	sition	the screen cente	r within ±0.5 mm a	as the horizontal.		

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Please refer to sec.3.1 & 3.2 in this document for more information of power consumption.

Issued Date: Dec. 19, 2008 Model No.: M220Z1-L05

Approval

2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

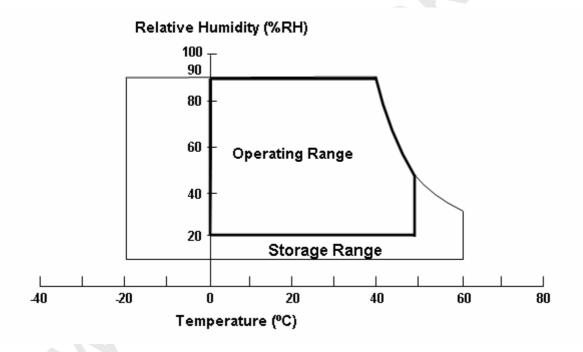
2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	٥C	(1), (2)
Shock (Non-Operating)	S _{NOP}	-	50	G	(3), (5)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V_{NOP}	-	1	G	(4), (5)
LCD Cell Life Time	1	50,000		Hrs	MTBF
LCD Cell Life Tillle	L-CELL	50,000	-	ПІБ	based

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90% RH Max. (Ta 40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.

Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 °C Min. and 60 °C Max.



- Note (3) 11 ms, half-sine wave, 1 time for $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$.
- Note (4) 10 ~ 300 Hz, sweep rate 10 min / cycle, 30 min for X,Y,Z axis
- Note (5) Upon the Vibration and Shock tests, the fixture used to hold the module must be firm and rigid enough to prevent the module from twisting or bending by the fixture.

Approval

2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Itom	Symbol Val		lue	Unit	Note
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+5.5	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	V_{IN}	-0.3	+4.3	V	(1)

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note
Lamp Voltage	V_{L}	-	2.5K	V_{RMS}	$(1), (2), I_L = 7.0 \text{ mA}$
Lamp Current	ΙL	3.0	8.0	mA_RMS	(1) (2)
Lamp Frequency	FL	40	80	KHz	(1), (2)

Note (1) Permanent damage might occur if the module is operated at conditions exceeding the maximum values.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to 3.2 for further information).



3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

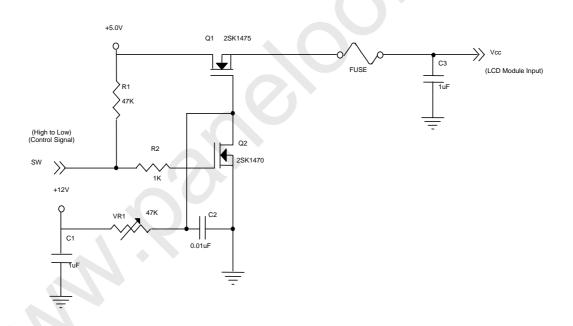
 $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \, ^{\circ}C$

Parameter		Cumbal		Value	Unit	Note	
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	-
Ripple Voltage		V_{RP}	ı	-	250	mV	-
Rush Current		I _{RUSH}	-		3	Α	(2)
	White	lcc	ı	630	819	mA	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black		ı	1170	1521	mA	(3)b
Power Supply Current	$f_V = 75Hz$, Vcc=4.5V		-	1330	1729	mA	(4)
Power Consumption		PLCD		5.85	7.605	Watt	(5)
LVDS differential input voltage		Vid	200	-	600	mV	
LVDS common input vol	tage	Vic		1.2		V	,

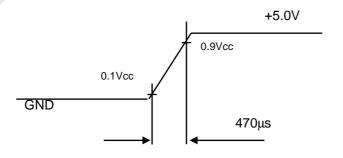
Above all conditions are VDD=5.0V, all black pattern at 75HZ.

Note (1) The module is recommended to operate within specification ranges listed above for normal function.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



Vcc rising time is 470μs

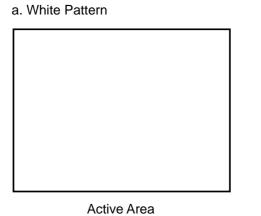




Issued Date: Dec. 19, 2008 Model No.: M220Z1-L05

Approval

Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 5.0 V, Ta = 25 \pm 2 °C, f_v = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



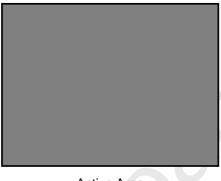




Active Area

Note (4) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 4.5 V, $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f_v = 75 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern (Black Pattern) below is displayed.

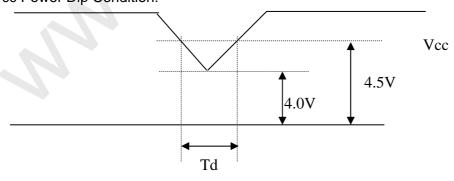




Active Area

Note (5) The power consumption is specified at the pattern with the maximum current.

3.2 Vcc Power Dip Condition:



Dip condition: $4.0V \le Vcc \le 4.5V, Td \le 20ms$

8/26



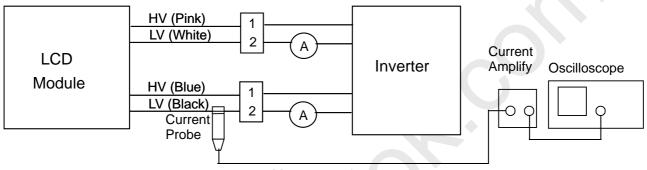
Issued Date: Dec. 19, 2008 Model No.: M220Z1-L05

Approval

3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
Farameter	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Lamp Input Voltage	V_L	765	850	935	V_{RMS}	$I_{L} = 7.0 \text{ mA}$
Lamp Current	ΙL	3	7.0	8	mA_{RMS}	(1)
Lamp Turn On Voltage	Vs	ı	-	1560(25°C)	V_{RMS}	(2)
		-	-	1800(0°C)	V_{RMS}	(2)
Operating Frequency	F_L	40	60	80	KHz	(3)
Lamp Life Time	L_BL	40000		-	Hrs	(5) $I_L = 7.0 \text{ mA}$
Power Consumption	P_{L}	-	23.8	-	W	$(4), I_L = 7.0 \text{ mA}$

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by current amplify & oscilloscope as shown below:



Measure equipment:

Current Amplify: Tektronix TCPA300 Current probe: Tektronix TCP312

Oscilloscope: TDS3054B

- Note (2) The voltage that must be larger than Vs should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise, the lamp may not be turned on normally. It is the value output voltage of NF circuit.
- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronization frequency from the display, which might cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronization frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (4) $P_L = I_L \times V_L \times 4CCFLs$
- Note (5) The lifetime of lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta = 25 ± 2 °C and I_L = 7 mArms until one of the following events occurs:
 - (a) When the brightness becomes 50% of its original value.
 - (b) When the effective ignition length becomes 80% of its original value.

(The effective ignition length is a scope that luminance is over 80% of that at the center point.)

Note (6) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid producing too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the



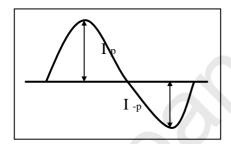


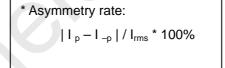
inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform. (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below;
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within
- c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities.





Distortion rate $I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$

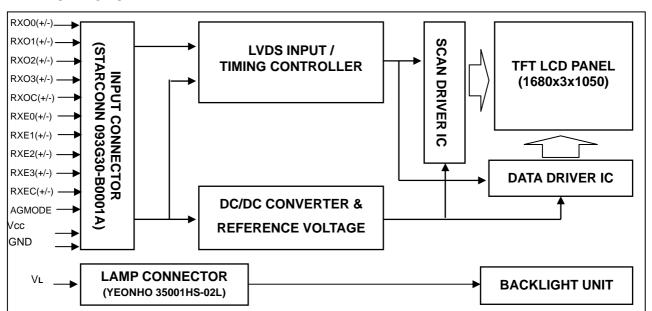
Issued Date: Dec. 19, 2008



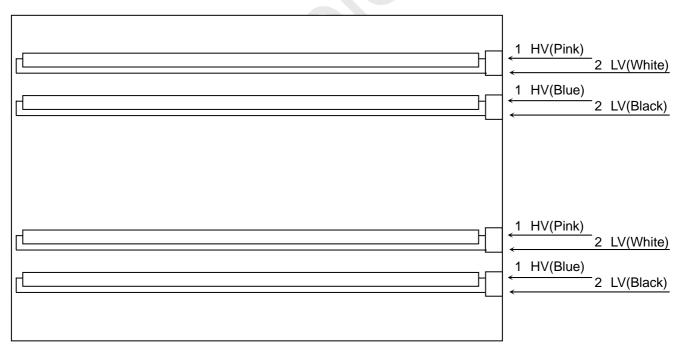
Model No.: M220Z1-L05 Approval

4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT



Note: On the same side, the same-polarity lamp voltage design for lamps is recommended







5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Name	Description
1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
9	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)
12	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
13	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
16	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
17	GND	Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
19	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
20	RXEC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)
21	RXEC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)
22	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
23	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
24	GND	Ground
25	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
26	VCOM	VCOM Control, should be open.
27	AGMODE	AGMODE should be tied to ground or open.
28	VCC	+5.0V power supply
29	VCC	+5.0V power supply
30	VCC	+5.0V power supply

Note (1) Connector Part No.: 093G30-B0001A(STARCONN) or FI-XB30SSL-HF(JAE) or EQUIVALENT.

Note (2) Mating Connector Part No.:FI-X30H; FI-X30C*; FI-X30M*; FI-X30HL(-T),FI-X30C*L(-T) [JAE]

Note (3) The first pixel is odd.

Note (4) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.





Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

5.2 LVDS DATA MAPPING TABLE

LVDS Channel E0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVDS Chariner EU	Data order	EG0	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0
LVDS Channel E1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel E1	Data order	EB1	EB0	EG5	EG4	EG3	EG2	EG1
LVDS Channel E2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Channel E2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	EB5	EB4	EB3	EB2
LVDS Channel E3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVDS Chariner Es	Data order	NA	EB7	EB6	EG7	EG6	ER7	ER6
LVDS Channel O0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Charmer 00	Data order	OG0	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2	OR1	OR0
LVDS Channel O1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Charmer O1	Data order	OB1	OB0	OG5	OG4	OG3	OG2	OG1
LVDS Channel O2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVDS Charmer 02	Data order	DE	NA	NA	OB5	OB4	OB3	OB2
LVDS Channel O3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 Challiel O3	Data order	NA	OB7	OB6	OG7	OG6	OR7	OR6





Approval

5.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Pin	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	HV	High Voltage	Pink
2	LV	Low Voltage	White
1	HV	High Voltage	Blue
2	LV	Low Voltage	Black

Note (1) Connector Part No.: JST-BHSR-02VS-1 or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: JST-SM02B-BHSS-1-TB (JST) or equivalent

5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

COIOI VE	ersus data iriput.																	_							
												Da	ata	Sigr	nal										
	Color				Re									reer							Bl				
	,	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	В3		B1	
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray		:	:	1	1			•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale Of	Dod(050)	1	:		4	1		0	:	:	0	:	:	0		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red(253) Red(254)	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	1	1 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Neu	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Neu(233)	'	4		'		'	'	ļ '	١	U	U	U	١	٥	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	٥	١
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale	ì:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
. \\	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
2.00	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



Issued Date: Dec. 19, 2008 Model No.: M220Z1-L05

Approval

6. INTERFACE TIMING

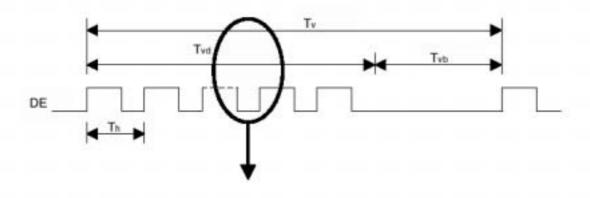
6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

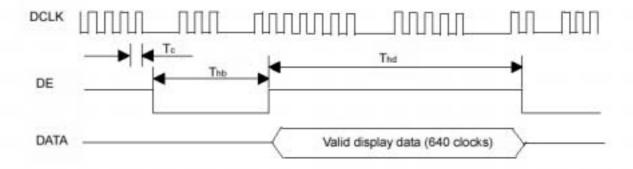
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

			_				
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fc	50	59.5	82	MHz	-
LVDS Clock	Period	Tc	13.4	16.8	-	ns	
LVD3 Clock	High Time	Tch	-	4/7	-	Tc	-
	Low Time	Tcl	-	3/7	-	Tc	-
LVDS Data	Setup Time	Tlvs	600	-	-	ps	-
LVD3 Data	Hold Time	Tlvh	600	-	-	ps	-
	Frame Rate	Fr	50	60	76	Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Vertical Active Display Term	Total	Tv	1060	1080	1195	Th	-
Vertical Active Display Term	Display	Tvd	1050	1050	1050	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	Tv-Tvd	30	Tv-Tvd	Th	-
	Total	Th	890	920	1000	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display	Thd	840	840	840	Tc	-
	Blank	Thb	Th-Thd	80	Th-Thd	Tc	-

Note: (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM





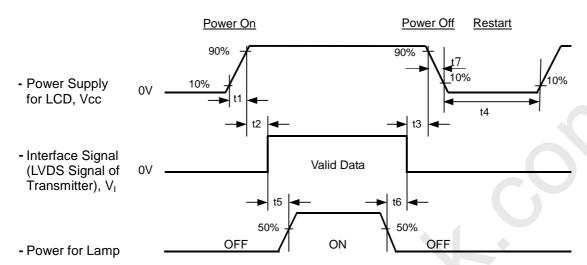
Issued Date: Dec. 19, 2008

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

Model No.: M220Z1-L05 Approval

6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Timing Specifications:

0.5	i< t1	10 msec
0	< t2	50 msec
0	< t3	50 msec
	t4	500 msec
	t5	450 msec
	t6	90 msec
5	t7	100 msec

Note:

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- (6) The company will not guarantee or compensate for the product damage caused by not following the Power Sequence.





Approval

7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit		
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	°C		
Ambient Humidity	Ha	50±10	%RH		
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	5.0	V		
Input Signal	According to typical v	alue in "3. ELECTRICAL	CHARACTERISTICS"		
Inverter Current	IL	7.0	mA		
Inverter Driving Frequency	F _L 61 KHz				
Inverter		Darfon VK.13165.101			

7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

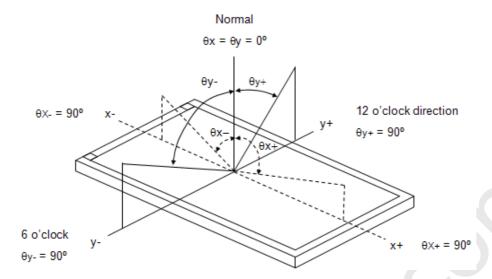
The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Dod	Rx			0.666			
	Red	Ry			0.318			
	Green	Gx	$\theta_x=0^\circ$, $\theta_Y=0^\circ$		0.196			
Color	Gleen	Gy	CS-1000T	Тур –	0.674	Typ +		(4) (5)
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx	R=G=B=255	0.03	0.151	0.03		(1), (5)
	Blue	Ву	Grayscale		0.080			
	White	Wx			0.313			
		Wy			0.329			
Center Luminan	ce of White	L _C		250	300		cd/m ²	(4), (5)
Contrast Ratio		CR		700	1000		-	(2), (6)
Response Time		T_R	$\theta_x=0^\circ$, $\theta_Y=0^\circ$		1.3	2.2	ms	(3)
Nesponse fille		T _F	0 _x =0 , 0γ =0		3.7	5.8	ms	(3)
White Variation		δW	$\theta_x=0^\circ$, $\theta_Y=0^\circ$		1.3	1.42	-	(5), (6)
	Harizantal	θ_x +		75	85			
Viowing Angle	Horizontal	θ_{x} -	CR>10	75	85		Dog	(1) (F)
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θ_{Y} +	CK>IU	70	80		Deg.	(1), (5)
	vertical	θ_{Y} -		70	80			

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle $(\theta x, \theta y)$:

Issued Date: Dec. 19, 2008 Model No.: M220Z1-L05

Approval



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

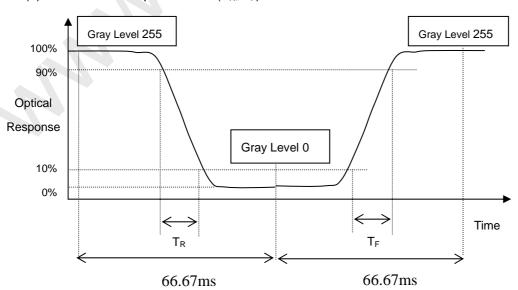
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR (5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).





18 / 26



Model No.: M220Z1-L05

Approval

Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C):

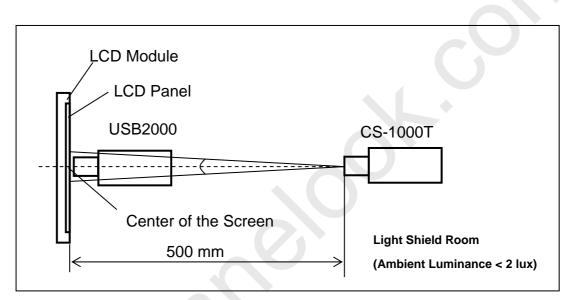
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

$$L_C = L (5)$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

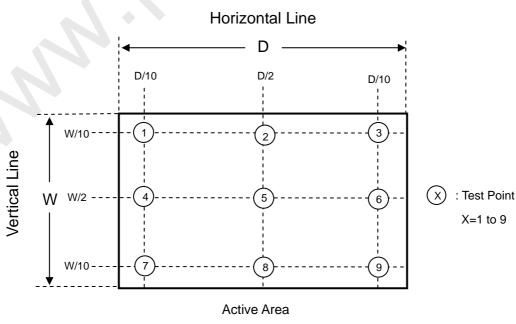
The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.



Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 9 points

 $\delta W = Maximum [L (1) \sim L (9)] / Minimum [L (1) \sim L (9)]$



19 / 26

Approval

8. PACKAGING

8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 8 LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 570(L) X 300 (W) X 430 (H) mm
- (3) Weight: 22.45Kg (8 modules per box)

8.2 PACKING METHOD

(1) Carton Packing should have no failure in the following reliability test items.

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
	ISTA STANDARD	
	Random, Frequency Range: 1 – 200 Hz	
Vibration	Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z),	Non Operation
	Right & Left: 10 minutes (X)	
	Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)	
Dropping Test	1Corner, 3 Edge, 6 Face, 45.7cm	Non Operation

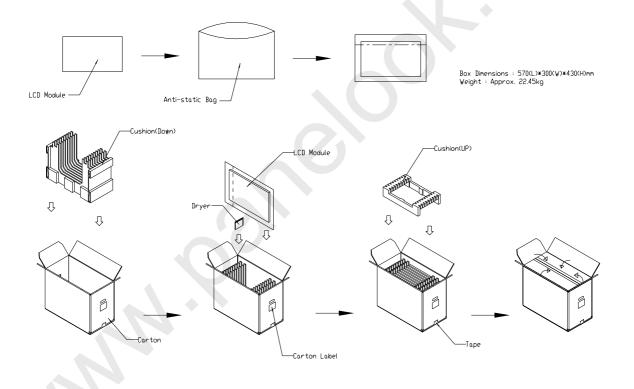
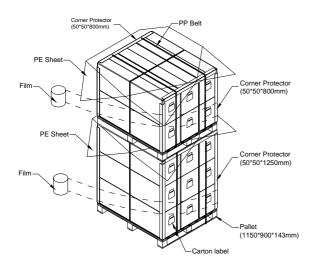


Figure. 8-1 Packing method

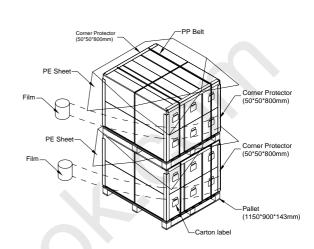
Approval

Sea/Land Transportation

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft HQ Container)



Sea / Land Transportation (40ft Container)



Air Transportation

Air Transportation

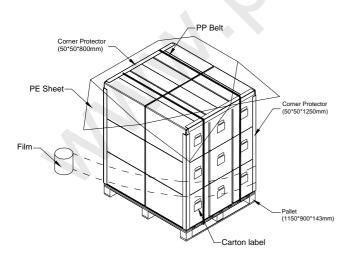
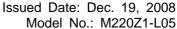


Figure. 8-3 Packing method

Figure. 8-2 Packing method







9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

9.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: M220Z1-L05

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.

(c) CMO barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
XX	CMO internal use	-
XX	Revision	Cover all the change
Х	CMO internal use	-
XX	CMO internal use	-
	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4
YMD	_	Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C
		Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U.
L	Product line #	Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3,
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

(d) Customer's barcode definition:

Serial ID: <u>CM-22Z15-X-X-X-XX-L-XX-L-YMD-NNNN</u>

Code	Meaning	Description
CM	Supplier code	CMO=CM
22Z15	Model number	M220Z1-L05=22Z15
Х	Revision code	ZBD: A~Z
_ ^		Non ZBD: 1,2,~,8,9
X	Source driver IC code	Century=1, CLL=2, Demos=3, Epson=4, Fujitsu=5, Himax=6,
	Cource driver to code	Hitachi=7, Hynix=8, LDI=9, Matsushita=A, NEC=B, Novatec=C,
X	Gate driver IC code	OKI=D, Philips=E, Renasas=F, Samsung=G, Sanyo=H, Sharp=I,
	Cate driver to code	TI=J, Topro=K, Toshiba=L, Windbond=M
XX	Cell location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN
L	Cell line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
XX	Module location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN; Ningbo China=NP
L	Module line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4
YMD		Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C
		Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, T, U, V
NNNN	Serial number	By LCD supplier



Approval

(e) UL Factory ID:

Region	Factory ID
TWCMO	GEMN
NBCMO	LEOO
NBCME	CANO
NHCMO	CAPG

Model No.: M220Z1-L05 Approval





Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

10. PRECAUTIONS

10.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than room temperature.

10.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

10.3 SAFETY STANDARDS

The LCD module should be certified with safety regulations as follows:

- (1) UL60950-1 or updated standard.
- (2) IEC60950-1 or updated standard.

10.4 OTHER

When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.

